



Ihtiološka zborka - Primjerak premješten u novu labortorijsku bocu



Iz fotodokumentacije Zbirke kornjaša dr. Eduarda Karamana



Indijska lađica (*Nautilus pompilius*) iz Malakološke zbirke obitelji Bakotić

News from Carl Studniczka's herbarium (ord. Onagrarieen, Cucurbitaceen and Portulaceen)

Nediljko Ževrnja¹, Božena Mitić² & Dalibor Vladović

¹ Natural History Museum and Zoo, Karlobag, Šubićeva 2, 21 000 Split, Croatia

E-mail: dalibor@prirodoslovni.hr; E-mail: nedjalko@prirodoslovni.hr
 2. Botany Institute of PFM, University of Zagreb, Marulićev trg 20/I, 13 000 Zagreb, Croatia

E-mail: bozenna@botanic.hr

INTRODUCTION

Since 2005, we have been working on Carl Studnicka's herbarium which can be found in the Natural History Museum in Sofia. As a dedicated amateur, Carl Studnicka collected plants while he was traveling (1829-1904) and working as an officer (1831a are known from hebanium labels: wide surrounding area of Vienna and Wiener Neustadt in Austria, of Split in Croatia, of Kotor in Montenegro, of Glomisch and Leitmeritz in the Czech Republic, of Prešov in Poland and at last the wide surrounding area of Trieste in Italy). The analysis showed that this herbarium contains samples of the plants which were collected and sent to Studnicka by many botanists or collectors of the time.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

From some part of the C. Stoezl's herbarium, in this paper we analyzed the herbarium sheets (order: Diagnoses, Cucurbitaceae and Prolificaceae). From the labels of the herbarium sheets first, we copied the Latin name of the genus and the species; then the date, month and year of collection; followed by the collector and his affiliation to the particular herbarium collection. According to TUTIN et al., 1964-1968 and TUTIN et al., 1993 we listed the name of the species in brackets, from the label we copied the name of the place where the plant had been found, with altitude data available and listed the number herbarium specimen in brackets.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Total number of the herbarium sheets in analysed part of the herbarium is 64 with 162 samples of herbari plants. The majority of the plants was collected in Europe (53%), herbarium sheets, 86%), and 9 sheets originate from North America. None of the herbarium sample (1%) were collected in the area of Czech Republic (12 herbarium sheets), and Austria (1%). According to the written localities following countries are represented, and Austria (1%). Germany (9), Italy (4), Croatia (3), France (2), Netherlands (3), Poland (2), Hungary (1), Russia (1), Slovakia (1), Switzerland (1), Denmark (1), Norway (1) and Great Britain (1).

According to the affinities of a particular herbarium collection (box 2) in analysis, parts of the herbarium, *ord.* Ostalpinaria, Cuculaceae and Pentameria, the most represented collection in Flora Danica, were excluded from the analyses. The remaining collections are from other herbaria, such as Flora menziesii (Trotter), Flora Hornemanniana (Eckl.), Flora von W. Neustädter (Hornemann), Flora Tropica (C. Beck), Herbarium Boissianum (B.), Egeria-Herbarium Amerindicum (Lindner), Flora von Costar. (Pötsch), and Flora 2. Another 8 collections are also represented by one plant in the pair of the herbarium which have already been analysed (see below).

Most of the samples of herbivore plants (fig. 3) were collected by Studenčica (1972) herbarium sheets. In early Chorganae, Cuscuttoidea and Periplocoidea, there are no samples of the genus *Thlaspi*. The first sample of *Thlaspi* in Vranačin where it has already been recorded was collected by PAVLOVIĆ et al. (2009a, b), VLADOVIĆ et al. (2009a) and VLADOVIĆ et al. 2010 a, b; VLADOVIĆ et al. 2011; VLADOVIĆ et al. in press; ČVRNJAČA et al. 2006 a, b; ČVRNJAČA et al. 2009 a, b; ČVRNJAČA et al. 2010 a, b; ČVRNJAČA et al. 2011; MITIĆ et al. 2008 a, b; MITIĆ et al. 2011; MITIĆ et al. in press, b, c), following botanical or collector's other material as modified for the first time and there are: Carbo, Kerner, Malmeini, Pittoni, Schrenkiana, Štolapuk and Ušćetra.

The oldest herbarium sheet dates from 1850, where as the newest ones date from 1962. The vast majority (thirteen thousand sheets) (25%) were collected during the period between 1871 to 1889 (fig. 4). The exact year of collection is missing from 10 herbarium labels.

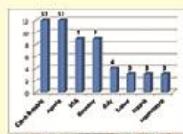
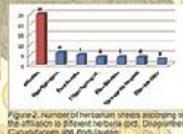
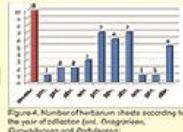
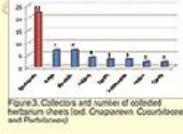


Figure 1: Distribution of *Neisseria meningitidis* (Meningococci) serogroups (WHO, Chantepie, Chouraqui and Portetelle, 1995).



Choräle und Postludien



Opportunities and Portfolios



Figure 5. The NMR



卷之三



Figure 7. Selection-

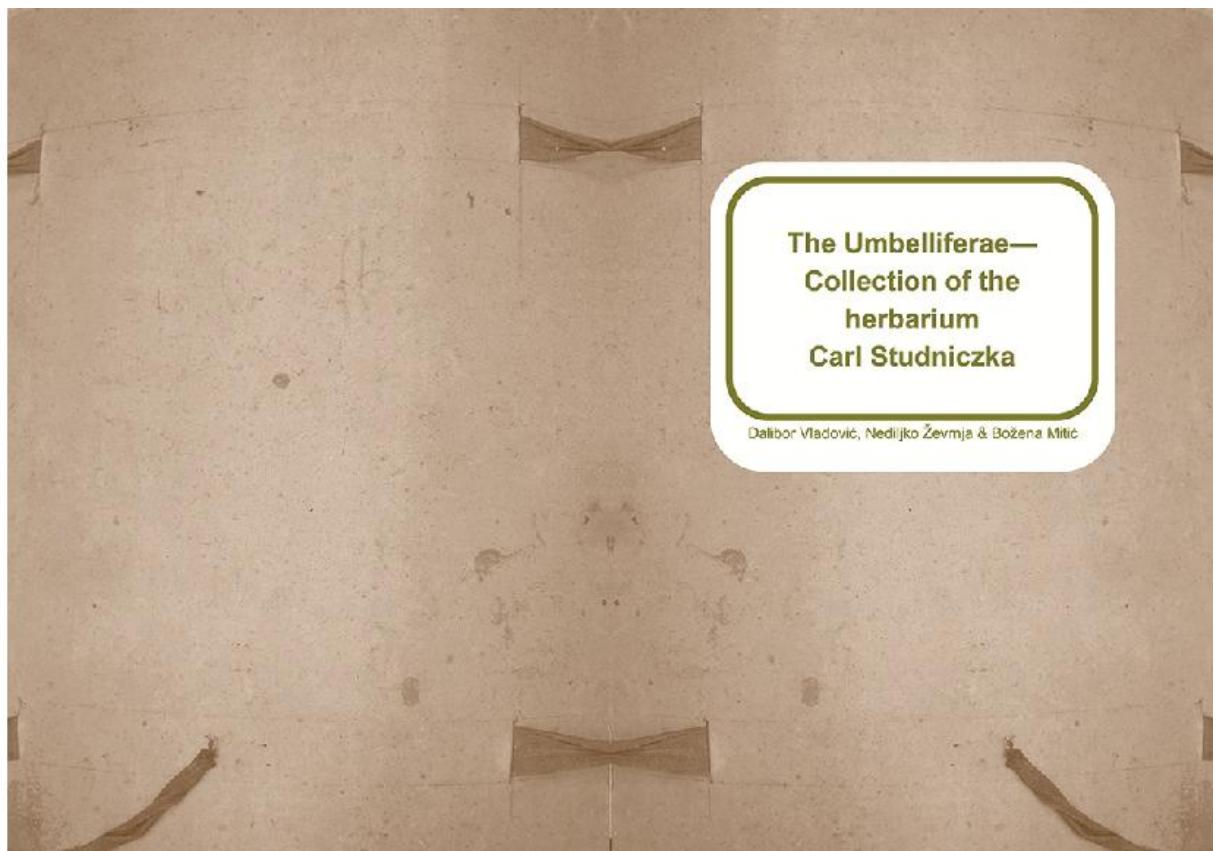


Figure 3. Haynes

Poster News from Carl Studniczka's herbarium herbarium (ord. Onagrarieen, Cucurbitaceen and Portulaceen)



Modeli ribarskih mreža i dio ribolovnih alata – izložba *Raznolikost morskih ribolovnih alata u Hrvata*



Korice knjižice *The Umbelliferae – Collection of the herbarium Carl Studniczka*